

1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2 DISTRICT OF NEVADA

3 TOMMIE LEE MCDOWELL, JR.,

4 Plaintiff

5 v.

6 HULSEY, et. al.,

7 Defendants

Case No.: 3:19-cv-00230-MMD-WGC

**Report & Recommendation of
United States Magistrate Judge**

Re: ECF Nos. 51, 62, 66, 67, 112, 117

9 This Report and Recommendation is made to the Honorable Miranda M. Du, United
10 States District Judge. The action was referred to the undersigned Magistrate Judge pursuant to
11 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and the Local Rules of Practice, LR 1B 1-4.

12 Before the court are various motions filed by Plaintiff, including his:

13 (1) Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings with respect to First Amended Supplemental Claim IV
14 (ECF No. 51), to which Defendants filed a response (ECF No. 64), and Plaintiff filed a reply
15 (ECF No. 65);

16 (2) Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings with respect to his Second Amended Supplemental
17 Claim V (ECF No. 62);

18 (3) Motion to grant his motion for judgment on the pleadings with respect to supplemental
19 amended claim V (ECF No. 66);

20 (4) Motion to grant his motion for judgment on the pleadings with respect to supplemental
21 amended claim IV (ECF No. 67);¹

22
23 ¹ ECF Nos. 66 and 67 are identical; however, the court will construe ECF No. 66 as pertaining to Plaintiff's motion for judgment on the pleadings as to Count V, and ECF No. 67 as pertaining to Plaintiff's motion for judgment on the pleadings as to Count IV.

1 (4) Motion to Dismiss Count V Without Prejudice (ECF No. 112); and
2 (5) Motion for Relief from a Judgment or Order Pursuant to Rule 60 in Claim IV-William
3 Reubart (ECF No. 117).

4 After a thorough review, it is recommended that: Plaintiff's motion to dismiss Count V
5 without prejudice be granted, and that his pending motion for summary judgment as to Counts
6 IV and V (ECF No. 89) proceed only with respect to Count IV; his motion for judgment on the
7 pleadings as to Count V (ECF No. 62) be denied as moot; his motion to grant his motion for
8 judgment on the pleadings with respect to supplemental amended claim V (ECF No. 66) be
9 denied as moot; his motion for judgment on the pleadings as to Count IV (ECF No. 51) and
10 motion to grant that motion for judgment on the pleadings (ECF No. 67) be denied; and his
11 motion for relief from a judgment or order under Rule 60 (ECF No. 117) be denied.

12 **I. BACKGROUND**

13 Plaintiff is an inmate in the custody of the Nevada Department of Corrections (NDOC),
14 proceeding pro se with this action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. The events giving rise to this
15 action took place while Plaintiff was housed at Ely State Prison (ESP).

16 Plaintiff was allowed to proceed with a retaliation claim in Count I against Hulsey and
17 Ward; a retaliation claim in Count II against Hulsey; a retaliation claim in Count IV against
18 Hammel and Reubart; and a conspiracy claim in Count V against Hammel and Reubart. (*See*
19 ECF Nos. 17 (screening order on original complaint), 18 (complaint), 29 (screening order on first
20 amended supplemental claims IV and V), 30 (first amended supplemental claim IV), 58
21 (screening order on second amended supplemental claim V), and 59 (second amended
22 supplemental claim V).)
23

Defendants Hammel and Ward have been dismissed without prejudice under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4(m). (ECF Nos. 106, 108.) Therefore, this action is proceeding only against Hulsey and Reubart.

II. DISCUSSION

A. ECF Nos. 62, 66, 112 re Count V

Plaintiff moves to dismiss Count V (his conspiracy claim against Hammel and Reubart) without prejudice, and for his pending motion for summary judgment as to Counts IV and V (ECF No. 89) to proceed only with respect to Count IV. (ECF No. 112.) This motion should be granted.

In light of this recommendation, Plaintiff's motion for judgment on the pleadings with respect to Count V (ECF No. 62) should be denied as moot. Likewise, his motion to grant his motion for judgment on the pleadings as to Count V (ECF No. 66) should be denied as moot.

B. ECF Nos. 51, 67

Plaintiff has filed a motion for judgment on the pleadings with respect to Count IV (ECF No. 51), as well as a motion to grant his motion for judgment on the pleadings as to Count IV (ECF No. 67).

A party may move for judgment on the pleadings "[a]fter the pleadings are closed—but early enough not to delay trial[.]" Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(c). Judgment on the pleadings is limited to material included in the pleadings, as well as documents attached to the complaint, documents incorporated by reference and matters of judicial notice, unless the court elects to convert the motion to one for summary judgment. *Yakima Valley Mem'l Hosp. v. Dep't of Health*, 654 F.3d 919, 925 n. 6 (9th Cir. 2011). The court must accept as true the facts pled by the non-movant, and will construe the pleadings in the light most favorable to the non-moving party. *U.S. ex. rel.*

1 *Cafasso v. Gen. Dynamics C4 Sys., Inc.*, 637 F.3d 1047, 1053 (9th Cir. 2011); *Doyle v. Raley's*
2 *Inc.*, 158 F.3d 1012, 1014 (9th Cir. 1998). "A Rule 12(c) motion for judgment on the pleadings
3 is properly granted only when, 'taking all the allegations in the pleading as true, the moving party
4 is entitled to judgment as a matter of law.'" *Herrera v. Zumiez, Inc.*, 953 F.3d 1063, 1068 (9th
5 Cir. 2020) (quoting *Heliotrope Gen., Inc. v. Ford Motor Co.*, 189 F.3d 971, 978-79 (9th Cir.
6 1999)); *Chavez v. United States*, 683 F.3d 1102, 1108 (9th Cir. 2012).

7 Plaintiff argues that the "extraordinary character of the evidence contained in the
8 pleadings at this stage," including "evidence rich in documentation in support of Plaintiff's
9 contentions" warrants granting judgment on the pleadings as to Claim IV. He contends that
10 Defendants are without any defending evidence going forward relating to questions of law or fact
11 that would justify litigation continuing as to this claim.

12 Defendants first argue that Plaintiff's motion for judgment on the pleadings was filed
13 before the pleadings closed when Defendants filed their answer on November 23, 2020;
14 therefore, the motion should be denied as premature. Second, to the extent Plaintiff claims to
15 have provided "evidence" in support of his allegations, his motion should be treated as one for
16 summary judgment, and at the time Defendants filed their response, discovery had not yet
17 closed, and so the motion should be deferred.

18 Plaintiff filed this motion on November 20, 2020. (ECF No. 51.) An answer was filed as
19 to the amended supplemental claim IV on November 23, 2020. (ECF No. 53.) Plaintiff's motion
20 was premature, but because the answer has since been filed, the court will consider the motion.

21 Defendants are correct that Plaintiff's complaint and supplemental claims contain
22 *allegations* and not *evidence*. Plaintiff's motion does not comply with Federal Rule of Civil
23 Procedure 56 or Local Rule 56-1; therefore, it is not appropriate to convert his motion to one for

1 summary judgment. Additionally, he already has a motion for summary judgment pending as to
2 this claim in ECF No. 89. This warrants denial of the motion for judgment on the pleadings.

3 Moreover, defendant Reubart (the remaining defendant in Count IV) denies all of the
4 allegations of Count IV. (ECF No. 53.) Thus, at this point, it is not clear that Plaintiff is entitled
5 to judgment as a matter of law. Plaintiff's motion (ECF No. 51) should be denied on this
6 additional basis.

7 As a result, Plaintiff's motion to grant his motion for judgment on the pleadings as to
8 Count IV (ECF No. 67) should also be denied.

9 **C. ECF No. 117**

10 Plaintiff has filed a motion for relief of a judgment or order pursuant to Rule 60 with
11 respect to Claim IV against Reubart. (ECF No. 117.) Plaintiff states that Reubart has committed
12 fraud in representing that Plaintiff's Florida detainer was deactivated and then reactivated.

13 Plaintiff does not indicate from which "judgment or order" he seeks relief. Instead, he
14 appears to be arguing the merits of his retaliation claim against Reubart in Count IV. This is
15 properly done in a motion for summary judgment (if Plaintiff can demonstrate there is no
16 genuine dispute as to any material fact and he is entitled to judgment as a matter of law), and
17 Plaintiff currently has a motion for summary judgment pending as to Count IV in ECF No. 89.
18 Therefore, Plaintiff's motion for relief of a judgment or order under Rule 60 should be denied.

19 **III. RECOMMENDATION**

20 IT IS HEREBY RECOMMENDED that the District Judge enter an order:

21 (1) **GRANTING** Plaintiff's motion to dismiss Count V without prejudice (ECF No. 112), and
22 allowing Plaintiff's pending motion for summary judgment on Counts IV and V (ECF No. 89) to
23 proceed only with respect to Count IV;


- 1 (2) **DENY AS MOOT** Plaintiff's motion for judgment on the pleadings with respect to Count V
2 (ECF No. 62);
3 (3) **DENY AS MOOT** his motion to grant his motion for judgment on the pleadings as to Count
4 V (ECF No. 66);
5 (4) **DENY** Plaintiff's motion for judgment on the pleadings as to Count IV (ECF No. 51);
6 (5) **DENY** Plaintiff's motion to grant his motion for judgment on the pleadings as to Count IV
7 (ECF No. 67);
8 (6) **DENY** Plaintiff's motion for relief from a judgment or order under Rule 60 (ECF No. 117).

9 The parties should be aware of the following:

10 1. That they may file, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C), specific written objections to
11 this Report and Recommendation within fourteen days of being served with a copy of the Report
12 and Recommendation. These objections should be titled "Objections to Magistrate Judge's
13 Report and Recommendation" and should be accompanied by points and authorities for
14 consideration by the district judge.

15 2. That this Report and Recommendation is not an appealable order and that any notice of
16 appeal pursuant to Rule 4(a)(1) of the Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure should not be filed
17 until entry of judgment by the district court.

18
19 Dated: June 14, 2021

20 
21 William G. Cobb
22 United States Magistrate Judge
23